

## XVII. Follow-up schedule for nonseminoma after treatment for metastatic or recurrent disease

Name:	Civic registration number:	
Orchiectomy, date:	Side: right / left	LVI: yes/no
Teratoma: in testis $\Box$ in metastases $\Box$	Date definitive staging:	
Stage/prognostic group:	Date end of treatment:	

This is a MINIMUM follow-up schedule FOLLOW-UP EVERY 2 MONTHS FOR INTERMEDIATE AND POOR PROGNOSIS PATIENTS YEAR 1 Other examinations depending on primary metastatic locations, and/or any residual tumours

Control type <b>B</b> :	Patient contact, AFP, $\beta$ -hCG, LDH, S-creatinine, <b>MRI of the retroperitoneum</b> / (abdominopelvic CT acceptable in patients older than 55 years) and pulmonary X-ray.
Control type <b>C</b> :	Like B with addition of clinical examination, testosterone, SHBG, LH, FSH, and low dose CT thorax instead of pulmonary X-ray
Control type <b>TM</b> :	Tumour markers, AFP, $\beta$ -hCG and LDH. (List the patient for a telephone appointment)

Scrotal ultrasound when clinically indicated. Metabolic screening (lipids, fasting glucose, HbA1c), and blood pressure at 1-year and at last visit. Inform Swedish patients at 1-, 5- and 10- year visit that a quality-of-life questionnaire will be sent out from RCC Syd, Sweden. **Months from end of latest treatment:** 

	ТМ	В	ТМ	C	Follow-up year 1
0	3	6	9	12	
	ТМ	В	ТМ	B	Follow-up year 2
12	15	18	21	24	
		ТМ		C	Follow-up year 3
24		30		36	
		ТМ		В	Follow-up year 4
36		42		48	
		ТМ		C	Follow-up year 5
48		54		60	

Patients in intermediate or poor prognosis group, all with residual tumors, all with teratoma in testis without RPLND, and all with teratoma in residual tumor resections:

Year 7 from end of treatment: Control type B

Year 10 from end of treatment: Control type C

For patients with multiple teratoma recurrences or inoperable residual tumours, lifelong follow-up may be indicated

Patient care plan to be given to the patient at termination of follow-up